HTML Meta Tag

The `<meta>` tag defines metadata about an HTML document. Metadata is data (information) about data.

`<meta>` tags always go inside the `<head>` element, and are typically used to specify character set, page description, keywords, author of the document, and the viewport settings.

Metadata will not be displayed on the page, but it is machine parsable, that is, the machine can be able to read its content.

Metadata is used by browsers (how to display content or reload page), search engines (keywords), and other web services.

Attributes

1. charset (character-set): specifies the character encoding for the HTML document.

2. content (text): specifies the value associated with http-equiv or name attribute.
3. http-equiv (content-security-policy content-type default-style refresh): provides an HTTP header for the information/value of the content attribute.
4. name (application name author description generator keywords viewport): specifies a name for the meta-data.

Examples:

1. `<meta name="keywords" content="HTML, CSS, JavaScript">`
2. `<meta name="description" content="Free Web tutorials for HTML and CSS">`
3. `<meta name="author" content="John Doe">`
4. `<meta http-equiv="refresh" content="30">`
5. `<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">`

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MR YOUNG

IGWURUTA | ISIOKPO | ELELE | IKIRI | OMOKU

mryoung.presmaltra.com.ng